

1. REALIZATION OF DEGREE SEQUENCES

1. Does there exist a multigraph with degrees

- a) 9, 7, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 3, 3, 1
- b) 8, 7, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 3, 3, 1?

2. (**Havel–Hakimi algorithm.**) Does there exist a simple graph with degrees

- a) 7, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0
- b) 8, 8, 6, 6, 6, 5, 3, 2, 2
- c) 7, 6, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 2
- d) 5, 4, 4, 2, 2, 1?

3. How many simple graphs have degree sequence 7, 7, 7, 7, 5, 5, 4, 4 (up to isomorphism)?

4. Does there exist a *connected* graph with degree sequence 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1?

5. After a party, every participant tells us how many people (of opposite sex) he or she danced with. We get the following numbers: 9, 9, 9, 9, 6, 6, 6, 5, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3. Prove that at least one of them is wrong.

6. Prove that there exists a k -regular graph with n vertices exists if and only if kn is even and $k \leq n - 1$.

7. In a chess competition involving 10 girls and 20 boys, every girl played exactly 6 games. We know that there were exactly 34 games in which a boy and a girl played against each other. What is the number of “girl vs. girl” games?

8. The **Erdős–Gallai theorem** says that the sequence $d_1 \geq d_2 \geq \dots \geq d_n$ of nonnegative integers can be realized by a simple graph if and only if

(1) $d_1 + \dots + d_n$ is even, and

(2)
$$\sum_{i=1}^k d_i \leq k(k-1) + \sum_{i=k+1}^n \min(d_i, k), \quad \text{for all } k \in \{1, \dots, n\}.$$

Prove that the conditions are necessary.

9. Let $n \geq 2$. Prove that the sequence d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n of nonnegative integers can be realized by a *tree* if and only if $\sum_{i=1}^n d_i = 2(n-1)$ and $d_i > 0$ for all i .