

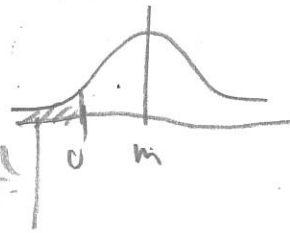
MAT. STATISTIKA

ALPHALPHAT $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim X$ AZONOS ELŐADÁS FÖL VÁLT
 HINTA (n TARTÓZMÁNY)

Ex konkrét feltevések: PE. Emberek MAGASSÁGA $\approx N(\mu, \sigma)$
 (míg sok FÖL VÁLT ÖSSZEGE)

Feladt: μ, σ becsése

2) TÖBBNYI MŰKÖDÉS A MŰKÖDÉS



X_1, \dots, X_n
 n VELETLENMŰKÖDÉS
 VALÓSZÍNŰSÉG
 MAGASSÁGA

$$P(X < 0) > 0$$

pedig θ magys enben más

Parameter A SZÁKAZÓKOROS ELŐADÁSOK INDEKCEKÉRE
 VÁLTOZÓ FUNKCIONÁLIS JELÉNT

PE. Emberek MAG-ÁRÁ $IP_{\mu, \sigma} N(\mu, \sigma)$ MŰKÖDÉS

$$IP_{\mu, \sigma}(X < x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(t-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dt$$

ALPHALPHAT $S_n(X) = (X_1 + \dots + X_n) / n = \Omega \rightarrow \omega \mapsto \frac{X_1(\omega) + \dots + X_n(\omega)}{n}$

EGY VELETLEN MŰKÖDÉS

KÖRÖZMŰKÖDÉS TÖBB $HS \mathbb{E}(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF(x)$ LETÉTEL,

Akkor $S_n(X) \xrightarrow{mb} \mathbb{E}(X) \quad (n \rightarrow \infty)$

VAGY $IP\left\{\omega = \frac{1}{n}(X_1(\omega) + \dots + X_n(\omega)) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X)\right\} = 0$

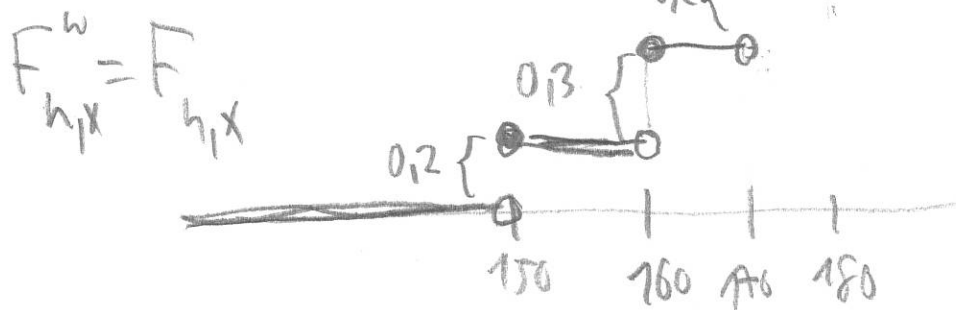
Empirische Verteilungsfunktion

$\omega \in \Omega$ (gg. vektorwertig, unendlich \Rightarrow esem.)

$X_1(\omega), \dots, X_n(\omega)$ konkret n i.i.d. Zufallsvariable (u.d.B. \mathbb{R}^k)

$$F_{h, X}^{\omega}(x) = F_n^{\omega}(x) = \frac{1}{n} \# \{k : X_k(\omega) < x\}$$

Be. gg. unabh. $n=10$ erbe MAG: 150, 170, 150, 160, 170, 180, 180, 170, 150, 160



Mit den n i.i.d. F_X

Kolmogorov $\Rightarrow F_{h, X}^{\omega} \xrightarrow{wg} F_X(x) \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \text{ s.z.z.}$

$$P\{\omega : F_{h, X}^{\omega}(x) \rightarrow F_X(x) \text{ (h} \rightarrow \infty)\} = 1 \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$P(X < x) = P\{\omega : X(\omega) < x\}$$

KAT STAT ADAPTELE

$$\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |F_{h, X}^{\omega}(x) - F_X(x)| \xrightarrow{wg} 0 \quad (h \rightarrow \infty)$$

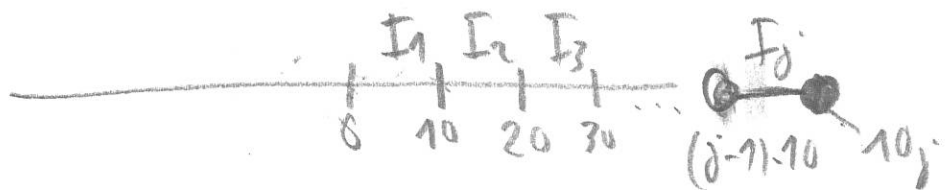
s.z.z. $P\{\omega : F_{h, X}^{\omega} \xrightarrow{wg} F_X\} = 1$
 (gleiches tut)

Histogramm $\mathbb{R} = \dots \cup I_{-1} \cup I_0 \cup I_1 \cup I_2 \cup \dots$ \mathbb{R} besetzte Intervalle

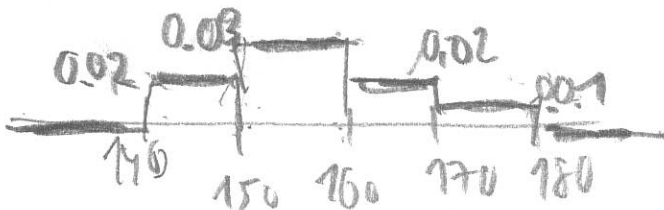
$$f_{h,X}^{(j)}(x) = f_{h,X}^{(j,w)}(x) = \left[\frac{\#\{k : X_k^{(w)} \in I_j^h\}}{h \cdot |I_j^h|} \right] \quad \text{HA } x \in I_j^h$$

$$f_{h,X}^{(w)} = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{h} \#\{k : X_k^{(w)} \in I_j^h\} \cdot \mathbb{1}_{I_j^h} / |I_j^h|$$

PE (a,b)



$f_{h,X}^{(w)}$



$$f_X'(x) \rightarrow 0 \quad (h \rightarrow \infty)$$

Tittel HA $f_X = x \mapsto \frac{d}{dt} \Big|_{t=x} F_X(t) = F_X'(x)$ FORT, Akker

$$\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |f_{h,X}^{(j)}(x) - f_X(x)| \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow \infty} 0 \quad \text{HA } \sup_j |I_j^h| \rightarrow 0$$

$\leftarrow X$ stochastische FAV-e

ALAPRENVIZSÉGEK BECSLÉSEI

1) Várható érték: $E(X) = \int_{x \in \mathbb{R}} x \, dF_X(x) = \int_{w \in \mathbb{R}} X(w) \, P(dw)$

$$\bar{X}_n^{(n)} = \frac{1}{n} (X_1 + \dots + X_n) \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow \infty} E(X)$$

2) Szórás-mérték: $D(X)^2 = E[(X - E(X))^2] = \int_{w \in \mathbb{R}} (X(w) - E(X))^2 \, P(dw)$

$$V_n(X) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (X_k - \bar{X}_n^{(n)})^2 \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow \infty} D^2(X)$$

zu zeigen $E(V_h(X)) = D^2(X)$ wobei $= \frac{h-1}{h} D^2(X)$!!!

mit: $h E(V_h(X)) = E\left\{ \left(X_1 - \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} \right)^2 + \dots + \left(X_h - \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} \right)^2 \right\} =$

$$h V_h(X) = \left[X_1^2 - 2 X_1 \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} + \left(\frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} \right)^2 \right] + \dots +$$

$$+ \left[X_h^2 - 2 X_h \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} + \left(\frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} \right)^2 \right] =$$

$$= (X_1^2 + \dots + X_h^2) - 2(X_1 + \dots + X_h) \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} + h \left(\frac{X_1 + \dots + X_h}{h} \right)^2 =$$

$$= (X_1^2 + \dots + X_h^2) - \frac{1}{h} (X_1 + \dots + X_h)^2 =$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^h X_k^2 - \frac{1}{h} \sum_{k=1}^h X_k^2 - 2 \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq h} X_i X_j =$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{h}\right) \sum_{k=1}^h X_k^2 - 2 \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq h} X_i X_j$$

$$E(V_h(X)) = \frac{1}{h} \left(1 - \frac{1}{h}\right) \sum_{k=1}^h E(X^2) - 2 \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq h} E(X) E(X) =$$

\downarrow \uparrow
 A bzw. E bzw. FGL

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{h}\right) E(X^2) - \frac{2}{h^2} (E(X))^2 =$$

$$= \frac{h-1}{h} E(X^2) - \frac{h-1}{h} E(X)^2 =$$

$$= \frac{h-1}{h} (E(X^2) - E(X)^2) = \frac{h-1}{h} D(X)^2$$

Def Menge \mathcal{X} realisiert $\theta: \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ parameter

(pl. $\mathcal{X} = \{N(\mu, \sigma^2) \text{ normal distrib.}\}$, $\theta = \mu \Rightarrow X \mapsto E(X)$)

E_{θ} $T: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ für TORZITATION BESCHEIT AD θ -WERT

hier $E(T(X_1, \dots, X_n)) = \theta(X)$ wobei $X \in \mathcal{X}$ vORWERT

USTATISTIK $= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k + \dots + x_k)$ AKARICHEN \mathcal{X} -WERT TORZITATION BESCHEIT $E(X)$ -WERT (VERWERT FÜR)

USTATISTIK $V_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k - \bar{x}^n)$ NEN TORZITATION $E(X)^2 - \sigma^2$

DE $V_n(X) = \frac{n-1}{n} E(X)^2 \rightarrow E(X)^2$ ($n \rightarrow \infty$)

Def T_1, T_2, \dots besCHEITIG TORZITATION $T_n: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

ASYMPTOTIKISCHE TORZITATION BESCHEIT AD θ -WERT, hier

$T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n) \rightarrow \theta(X)$ wobei $X \in \mathcal{X}$ vORWERT esCHEIT

T_n USTATISTIK: V_1, V_2, \dots uND ASYMPTOTIKISCHE ASA TORZITATION BESCHEIT

HF $C_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k - \bar{x}^n)(y_k - \bar{y}^n)$ AUCH TORZITATION

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(X, Y) &= E[(X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))] = \\ &= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) \text{ - uND } \end{aligned}$$

hier $E(X^2), E(Y^2) < \infty$

MAX-LIKELIHOOD BEGRIFFS-EX

Adst \mathcal{D} - elementis-silid θ -url pirimilerrare

Postulata: $\mathcal{D} = \{F_{\theta} : \theta \in G\}$, $F_{\theta}(x)$ darli \mathbb{R}^n , $F_{\theta}(x)$ darli \mathbb{R}^n

PE. $\mathcal{D} = \{ \text{normalis darli} \} = \{ N(\mu, \sigma) : \mu \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0 \}$

$$F_{\mu, \sigma}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(t-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dt$$

$F_{\mu, \sigma}$ darli \mathbb{R}

Adst $X_1, X_2, \dots : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ v.v. - mawazot

$X_1(\omega), X_2(\omega), \dots$ Eg KONKRET Neger-sorant

Feltawis X_1, X_2, \dots FATH AZONOR ELBAL $X_n \sim X$

$F_X \in \mathcal{D}$ felt $F_X = F_{\theta}$ unef $\theta \in G$

Kerdis $\theta = ???$ $X_1(\omega), X_2(\omega), \dots$ AWBAM

Max-Likelihood = Eg $X_1(\omega), \dots, X_n(\omega)$ eredaf

MILYEN θ KECET A LEGVAQI SI'NIBB?

↳ birozgizli Fozilan (!)

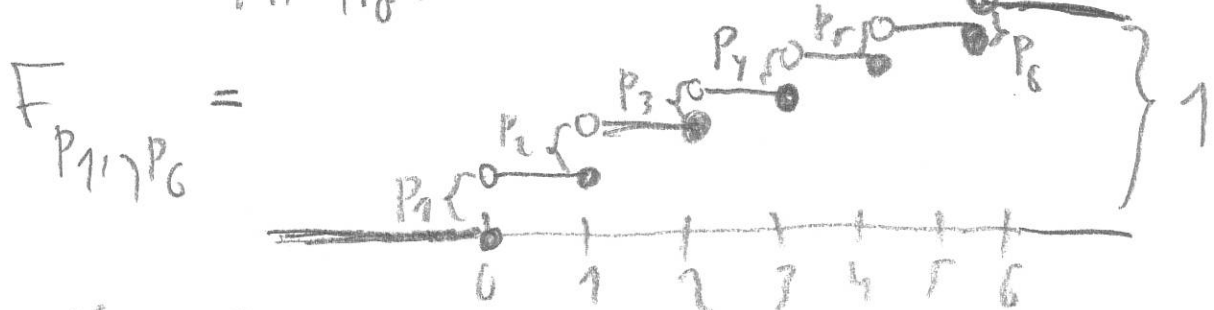
Diszkrét eset X_θ értékei $\in \{y_1, y_2, \dots, y_M\}$ $\forall \theta \in G$

$$[(X_\theta = y_j) \text{ VEG-E}] = p_{j,\theta} \quad (j=1, 2, \dots, M) \quad p_{1,\theta} + \dots + p_{M,\theta} = 1$$

Példák KOCKADOBÁS $X_k = [k, \text{dobás}] \in \text{REDUCETE}$

$$\{y_{1,1}\}_M = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$\mathcal{F} = \left\{ F_{\{p_1, \dots, p_6\}} = p_1, \dots, p_6 \geq 0, p_1 + \dots + p_6 = 1 \right\}$$



Amikor θ nem ismert, akkor $\text{E}[1 - \text{es} \text{ vég}] = p_1 + \dots + p_6$

Kirchhoff $X_1(\omega), X_2(\omega), X_3(\omega), \dots$

$$pe = 4, 4, 2, 6, \dots$$

H/A $X_1, X_2, \dots \sim X_\theta \in \text{LOKÁLIS}, \text{AKKOR}$

$$[(X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, \dots, X_n = x_n) \text{ VEG-E}] =$$

$$= P_{X_1(\omega), \theta} \cdot P_{X_2(\omega), \theta} \cdot \dots \cdot P_{X_n(\omega), \theta} \quad \text{ACTAG/BAK 15}$$

$$pe = \theta = \left(\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{9} \right) \text{ esetek}$$

$$g = 4, 4, 2, 6 \text{ DOBÁSOKLA} \quad \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{6}$$

Techniki feltarai (MAT lehetőség)

VAN olyan Ω eseményter AC (Ω részletek) melyre
es $\forall \theta \in G$ -re van \mathbb{P}_θ VAG $\mathcal{A} \rightarrow [0,1]$,
és hogy

$$F_\theta(x) = \mathbb{P}_\theta \{ \omega \in \Omega : X_k(\omega) < x \} \quad \forall k$$

\mathbb{P}_θ jelölés : $\mathbb{P}_\theta(A) = [A \in \mathcal{A} \text{ es } \theta \in G, \text{ HA } \theta \text{ A VALDI PARAMETER}]$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P}_\theta \{ X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, \dots, X_n = x_n \} &= \\ &= (\mathbb{P}_\theta \{ x_1 \}) \cdot (\mathbb{P}_\theta \{ x_2 \}) \cdots (\mathbb{P}_\theta \{ x_n \}) \end{aligned}$$

ezt kell MAXIMALIZÁLNI θ -RA

Példa: KOCKADOBÁSOK = 4, 4, 2, 6, 5, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4

$$\mathbb{P}_{(p_1, \dots, p_6)} (X_1=4, X_2=4, \dots, X_5=1, X_{10}=4) =$$

$$= p_4 \cdot p_4 \cdot p_2 \cdot p_6 \cdot p_5 \cdot p_3 \cdot p_3 \cdot p_4 \cdot p_1 \cdot p_4 =$$

$$= p_1 \cdot p_2 \cdot p_3^2 \cdot p_4^4 \cdot p_5 \cdot p_6 \rightarrow \text{MAX}$$

$p_1, \dots, p_6 \geq 0$
 $p_1 + \dots + p_6 = 1$

Def Likelihood FGV (n, i_h) :

$$L_{\theta, n}^d : (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto (P_{\theta}(x_1)) \cdots (P_{\theta}(x_n)) \quad \text{Diskret ERET}$$

$$L_{\theta, n}^c : (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto [f_{\theta}(x_1)] \cdots [f_{\theta}(x_n)] \quad \text{Folyt ERET}$$

\uparrow
 $F_{\theta}^1 = f_{\theta}$

θ max-likelihood becsererei az $\{F_{\theta} = \theta \in G\}$ elemek

1) argmax $L_{\theta, n}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ (Diskr.)
 \uparrow
 az a θ elemek, amelyek

2) argmax $L_{\theta, n}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$
 \downarrow

HA A kiscsak az értékei x_1, x_2, \dots

Példő: kőcsabdobál 4, 4, 2, 6, 5, 3, 3, 4, 1, 4

$$L_{\theta}^c = P_1 P_2 P_3^2 P_4^4 P_5 P_6 \rightarrow \text{MAX } P_1 P_6 \geq 0, P_1 + \dots + P_6 = 1$$

$$\nabla L_{\theta} = M \cdot \nabla (P_1 + \dots + P_6 - 1)$$

$$P_2 P_3^2 P_4^4 P_5 P_6 = M \cdot 1$$

$$P_1 P_2 P_3^2 (4 P_4^3) P_5 P_6 = M$$

$$P_1 P_3^2 P_4^4 P_5 P_6 = M$$

$$P_1 P_2 P_3^2 P_4^4 P_6 = M$$

$$P_1 P_2 (2 P_3) P_4^4 P_5 P_6 = M$$

$$P_1 P_2 P_3^2 P_4^4 P_5 = M$$

$$\text{SYMMETRIE} \Rightarrow \text{VEKTOR } p_1 = p_2 = p_5 = p_6$$

$$M = p^3 p_3^2 p_4^4 = 2 p^4 p_3^4 = 4 p^4 p_3^2 p_4^3 \quad /: (p^3 p_3^2 p_4^3)$$

EGENWERTEN

$$\frac{1}{p^3 p_3^2 p_4^4} = | p_3 p_4 = 2 p p_4 = 4 p p_3$$

$$\underline{\xi_i = \sum_j p_{ij}} \quad \xi_3 + \xi_4 = 1 + \xi + \xi_4 = 2 + \xi + \xi_3$$

$$\xi_3 = 1 + \xi \quad \xi_4 = 2 + \xi$$

$$p = 2^\xi = p_1 = p_2 = p_5 = p_6 \quad p_3 = 2^{1+\xi} = 2 \cdot p \quad p_4 = 2^{2+\xi} = 4p$$

$$p + p + 2p + 4p + p + p = 1 \quad p = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\theta = \left(\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{2}{10}, \frac{4}{10}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10} \right)}}$$