

4. feladatsor – Komplex számok, Polinomok

Megoldások

1. Feladat.

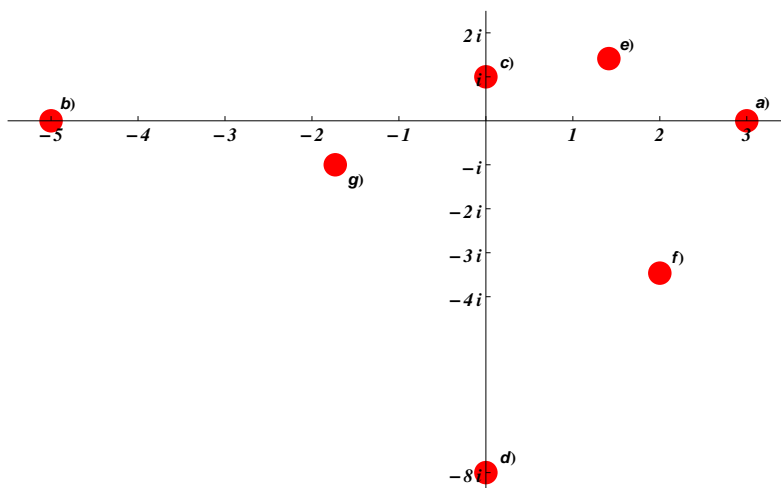
a) $-i, -1$ b) $41 - 11i$ c) $17 - 2i$ d) $-\frac{11}{17} + \frac{27}{17}i$ e) $-\frac{3}{13} - \frac{11}{13}i$ f) $\frac{11}{10} - \frac{23}{10}i$

2. Feladat.

a) $z = -\frac{13}{10} + \frac{11}{10}i$ d) $z_1 = \frac{8}{3}, z_2 = 3 - i, z_3 = 3 + i$
 b) $z = 3 - i$ e) $z_1 = 0, z_2 = -i, z_3 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i, z_4 = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$
 c) $z_1 = \frac{3}{2}, z_2 = 2 - i, z_3 = 2 + i$

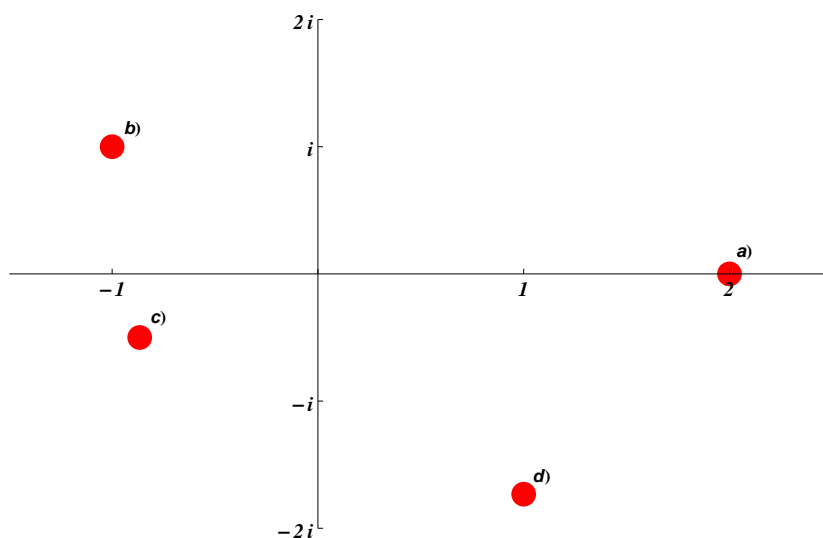
3. Feladat.

a) $3(\cos 0 + i \cdot \sin 0)$
 b) $5(\cos \pi + i \cdot \sin \pi)$
 c) $\cos \frac{\pi}{2} + i \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$
 d) $8(\cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) + i \cdot \sin(-\frac{\pi}{2}))$
 e) $2(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \cdot \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}))$
 f) $4(\cos(-\frac{\pi}{3}) + i \cdot \sin(-\frac{\pi}{3}))$
 g) $2(\cos(-\frac{5\pi}{6}) + i \cdot \sin(-\frac{5\pi}{6}))$



4. Feladat.

a) 2
 b) $-1 + i$
 c) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$
 d) $1 - \sqrt{3}i$



5. Feladat.

- a) $8 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right) = 4\sqrt{3} + 4i$
 b) $\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) + i \cdot \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = -i$
 c) $\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) + i \cdot \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$

- d) $2^{67} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + i \cdot \sin \frac{5\pi}{6} \right) = -2^{66}\sqrt{3} + 2^{66}i$
 e) $2^{611} \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{2} + i \cdot \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) = -2^{611}i$
 f) $6^{1526} \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \cdot \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) = 6^{1525} (-3 + 3\sqrt{3}i)$

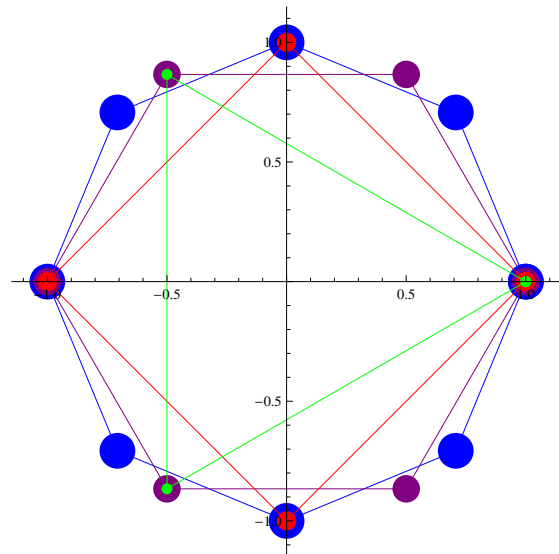
6. Feladat.

- a) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right),$
 $-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right),$
 $-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right),$
 $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{4} \right).$
 b) $1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right),$
 $-2 = 2 \left(\cos \pi + i \sin \pi \right),$
 $1 - \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{3} \right).$
 c) $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{8},$
 $\cos \frac{5\pi}{8} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{8},$
 $\cos \frac{9\pi}{8} + i \sin \frac{9\pi}{8},$
 $\cos \frac{13\pi}{8} + i \sin \frac{13\pi}{8}.$

- d) $2 = 2 \left(\cos 0 + i \sin 0 \right),$
 $1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right),$
 $-1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right),$
 $-2 = 2 \left(\cos \pi + i \sin \pi \right),$
 $-1 - \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{4\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{3} \right),$
 $1 - \sqrt{3}i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{3} \right).$
 e) $2i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right),$
 $-\sqrt{3} - i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{6} \right),$
 $\sqrt{3} - i = 2 \left(\cos \frac{11\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} \right).$
 f) $\sqrt[4]{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right),$
 $\sqrt[4]{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i \right) = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{6} \right),$
 $\sqrt[4]{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\cos \frac{4\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{3} \right),$
 $\sqrt[4]{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right) = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right).$

7. Feladat.

- a) Harmadik egységgyökök: $1, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i.$
 Primitív harmadik egységgyökök: $-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i.$
 b) Negyedik egységgyökök: $1, i, -1, -i.$
 Primitív negyedik egységgyökök: $i, -i.$
 c) Hatodik egységgyökök: $1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -1,$
 $-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i.$
 Primitív hatodik egységgyökök: $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i.$
 d) Nyolcadik egységgyökök: $1, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i, i, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i,$
 $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i, -1, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i, -i, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i.$
 Primitív nyolcadik egységgyökök: $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i,$
 $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i.$



8. Feladat.

- a) $x_1 = -3 - i, x_2 = -3 + i, x^2 + 6x + 10 = (x + 3 + i)(x + 3 - i)$
 b) $x_1 = 1 + 2i, x_2 = 3 - 4i, x^2 - (4 - 2i)x + 11 + 2i = (x - 1 - 2i)(x - 3 + 4i)$
 c) $x_1 = 2i, x_2 = -\sqrt{3} - i, x_3 = \sqrt{3} - i, 2x^3 + 16i = 2(x - 2i)(x + \sqrt{3} + i)(x - \sqrt{3} + i)$
 d) $x_1 = 1 + i, x_2 = 1 - i, x_3 = -1 + i, x_4 = -1 - i, x^4 + 4 = (x - 1 - i)(x - 1 + i)(x + 1 - i)(x + 1 + i)$
 e) $x_1 = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right), x_2 = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i \right), x_3 = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right), x_4 = \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right),$
 $x^4 + 1 + \sqrt{3}i = (x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3)(x - x_4)$

9. Feladat.

- a) $f = g \cdot (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 1) + 4$
 b) $f = g \cdot (x^3 + 3x^2 - 2) + x$
 c) $f = g \cdot (x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x + 2) - 2x - 1$

10. Feladat.

- a) $\text{lnko} \{f, g\} = x + 1$
 b) $\text{lnko} \{f, g\} = x^2 + 6x - 7$
 c) $\text{lnko} \{f, g\} = x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$