

3. feladatsor – Bázis, Rang MEGOLDÁSOK

3.1. Feladat. Megoldások:

- (a) $x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = -1$;
- (b) nincs megoldás;
- (c) $x_4 = 1, x_1 = 2x_2 - x_3, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R}$;
- (d) $x_1 = 16 - 3x_2 + 3x_4, x_3 = 4 + x_4, x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$.

3.2. Feladat. Rang, lineáris függetlenség

- (a) $r = 3$, lineárisan független;
- (b) $r = 2$, lineárisan függő;
- (c) $r = 3$, lineárisan független;
- (d) $r = 2$, lineárisan függő;
- (e) $r = 2$, lineárisan függő.

3.3. Feladat. Rang, maximális nemeltűnő aldetermináns:

- (a) $r = 2, \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$;
- (b) $r = 3, \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 9 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$;
- (c) $r = 1$, tetszőleges nem nulla elemből álló 1×1 -es mátrix determinánusa megfelelő.

3.4. Feladat. $r = 3$.

3.5. Feladat. Az U alterek elemei:

- (a) $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})\}$;
- (b) $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{0}, \bar{2}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})\}$;
- (c) $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})\}$;
- (d) $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{2})\}$.

3.6. Feladat. Előállítások és koordinátasorok:

- (a) $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}) = (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}) + (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$, koordinátasora: $(\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$;
- (b) $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}) = (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}) + (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$, koordinátasora: $(\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$.

3.7. Feladat. Dimenziók és bázisok:

- (a) $\dim U = 3$, bázis: $(0, 1, 2, 4), (2, -1, 2, 2), (1, -1, 1, 2)$;
- (b) $\dim U = 2$, bázis: $(1, 2, 4, 1), (0, 0, 3, -1)$;
- (c) $\dim U = 2$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{4}, \bar{2}, \bar{3}), (\bar{2}, \bar{3}, \bar{4}, \bar{2})$;
- (d) $\dim U = 2$, bázis: $(2, 1, 3, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)$;
- (e) $\dim U = 2$, bázis: $(3, 1, 0, 0), (1, 0, 1, 0)$;
- (f) $\dim U = 2$, bázis: $(\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$.

3.8. Feladat. Az $U_1 + U_2$ és $U_1 \cap U_2$ alterek dimenziói, bázisai:

- (a) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$, bázis: $(1, 2, 1, 0), (0, 3, 2, 1), (0, 0, 1, 2)$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(2, 1, 0, -1)$;
- (b) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$, bázis: $(1, 2, 1, 3), (0, -2, 3, -1), (0, 0, 1, -3)$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(0, 2, -3, 1)$;
- (c) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4$, bázis: $(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(3, -3, 2, 1)$;
- (d) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$, bázis: $(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 2, 1, 0)$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(-3, 2, 1, -3)$;
- (e) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$;
- (f) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}),$
 $(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 0$;
- (g) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$, bázis: $(\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$.

3.9. Feladat. A V vektortér és U_1, U_2 altereinek megadott dimenziói esetén határozzuk meg az $U_1 + U_2$ és az $U_1 \cap U_2$ alterek dimenziójának összes lehetséges értékét.

- (a) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 6, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2,$
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 3$;
- (b) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2,$
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 3$;
- (c) $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 7, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 0,$
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 6, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1,$
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5, \dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2.$