

## 2. feladatsor – Rang, alterek MEGOLDÁSOK

**2.1. Feladat.** Megoldások:

- (a)  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = -1$ ,  
vektor alakban:  $(2, -3, -1)$ ;
- (b) nincs megoldás;
- (c)  $x_4 = 1, x_1 = 2x_2 - x_3, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  
vektor alakban:  $(2x_2 - x_3, x_2, x_3, 1), x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R}$
- (d)  $x_1 = 17 - 3x_2 + 3x_4, x_3 = 4 + x_4, x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  
vektor alakban:  $(17 - 3x_2 + 3x_4, x_2, 4 + x_4, x_4), x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$
- (e) nincs megoldás;
- (f)  $x_1 = 4 - 7x_4, x_3 = 2 - 4x_4, x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  
vektor alakban:  $(4 - 7x_4, x_2, 2 - 4x_4, x_4), x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$ ;
- (g)  $x_1 = -\frac{14}{3} + 3x_2, x_3 = \frac{31}{3}, x_4 = \frac{17}{6}, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  
vektor alakban:  $(-\frac{14}{3} + 3x_2, x_2, \frac{31}{3}, \frac{17}{6}), x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ .

**2.2. Feladat.** Rang, lineáris függetlenség

- (a)  $r = 3$ , lineárisan független;
- (b)  $r = 2$ , lineárisan függő;
- (c)  $r = 3$ , lineárisan független;
- (d)  $r = 2$ , lineárisan függő;
- (e)  $r = 2$ , lineárisan függő.

**2.3. Feladat.** Rang, maximális nemeltűnő aldetermináns:

- (a)  $r = 2, \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix};$
- (b)  $r = 3, \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 9 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix};$
- (c)  $r = 1$ , tetszőleges nem nulla elemből álló  $1 \times 1$ -es mátrix determinánsa megfelelő.

**2.4. Feladat.**  $r = 3$ .

**2.5. Feladat.** Az  $U$  alterek elemei:

- (a)  $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})\};$
- (b)  $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{0}, \bar{2}, \bar{2}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})\};$
- (c)  $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})\};$
- (d)  $U = \{(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}), (\bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{2}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{2})\}.$

**2.6. Feladat.** Előállítások és koordinátasorok:

- (a)  $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}) = (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}) + (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$ , koordinátasora:  $(\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1})$ ;

(b)  $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}) = (\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}) + (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$ , koordinátasora:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0})$ .

**2.7. Feladat.** Dimenziók és bázisok:

- (a)  $\dim U = 3$ , bázis:  $(0, 1, 2, 4), (2, -1, 2, 2), (1, -1, 1, 2)$ ;
- (b)  $\dim U = 2$ , bázis:  $(1, 2, 4, 1), (0, 0, 3, -1)$ ;
- (c)  $\dim U = 2$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{4}, \bar{2}, \bar{3}), (\bar{2}, \bar{3}, \bar{4}, \bar{2})$ .

**2.8. Feladat.** Az  $U$  alerek és dimenziójuk:

- (a)  $U = [(1, 0, 2), (0, 1, 0)]$ ,  $\dim U = 2$ ;
- (b)  $U = [(\bar{4}, \bar{1}, \bar{3})]$ ,  $\dim U = 1$ ;
- (c)  $U = [(\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})]$ ,  $\dim U = 2$ ;
- (d)  $U = [(1, -1, 0, 1)]$ ,  $\dim U = 1$ ;
- (e)  $U = [(2, 1, 3, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)]$ ,  $\dim U = 2$ ;
- (f)  $U = [(3, 1, 0, 0), (1, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)]$ ,  $\dim U = 3$ ;
- (g)  $U = [(\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})]$ ,  $\dim U = 2$ .

**2.9. Feladat.** Az alerek:

- (a)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3) : x_1 = x_3\}$ ;
- (b)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3) : x_1, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R}\}$ ;
- (c)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) : -x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 0, -5x_1 + 3x_2 + x_4 = 0\}$ ;
- (d)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) : x_4 = \bar{2}x_2\}$ ;
- (e)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5) : \bar{2}x_2 + \bar{2}x_3 + x_4 = \bar{0}, \bar{2}x_2 + x_3 + x_5 = \bar{0}\}$ .

**2.10. Feladat.** Az  $U_1 + U_2$  és  $U_1 \cap U_2$  alerek dimenziói, bázisai:

- (a)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$ , bázis:  $(1, 2, 1, 0), (0, 3, 2, 1), (0, 0, 1, 2)$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(2, 1, 0, -1)$ ;
- (b)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$ , bázis:  $(1, 2, 1, 3), (0, -2, 3, -1), (0, 0, 1, -3)$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(0, 2, -3, 1)$ ;
- (c)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4$ , bázis:  $(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(3, -3, 2, 1)$ ;
- (d)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$ , bázis:  $(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 2, 1, 0)$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(-3, 2, 1, -3)$ ;
- (e)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$ ;
- (f)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}),$   
 $(\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 0$ ;
- (g)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 3$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{0}), (\bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{0}, \bar{1})$   
 $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ , bázis:  $(\bar{1}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{1})$ .

**2.11. Feladat.** A  $V$  vektortér és  $U_1, U_2$  altereinek megadott dimenziói esetén határozzuk meg az  $U_1 + U_2$  és az  $U_1 \cap U_2$  alerek dimenziójának összes lehetséges értékét.

- (a)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 6$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2$ ,  
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 3$ ;
- (b)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2$ ,  
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 4$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 3$ ;
- (c)  $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 7$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 0$ ,  
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 6$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$ ,  
 $\dim(U_1 + U_2) = 5$ ,  $\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 2$ .